15 - 11 · 2007

Bosnia and Herzegovina Prosecutor's Office of BiH Special Department for War Crimes No. KT-RZ-154/06 Sarajevo, 27 September 2007 KILLTON DUD 26

COURT OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Section I for War Crimes of the Criminal Division of the Court Attn. Preliminary Hearing Judge Sarajevo

Pursuant to the provision of Article 35 (2) (h) and Article 226 (1) of the Criminal Procedure Code of Bosnia and Herzegovina, I hereby file

INDICTMENT

Against

- 1. LAZAREVIĆ SRETEN, son of Žarko and Savka nee Jokić, born on 31 March 1953 in the village of Ročević, the municipality of Zvornik, where he resides, Serb. citizen of BiH, car-body mechanic by profession, married, father of two, currently free, represented by the defense attorney of his choice- Mičić S. Milan, lawyer from Zvornik,
- 2. STANOJEVIĆ DRAGAN a.k.a. Janjić, son of Drago and Ruža nee Jović, born on 13 March 1962 in the village of Ročević, the municipality of Zvornik, residing in the village of Ročević Kozluk, Serb, citizen of BiH, married, father of three, currently free, represented by the defense attorney of his choice- Miloš Perić, lawyer from Zvornik.
- 3. MARKOVIĆ MILE a.k.a. Cigo, son of Teodor and Jovanka nee Ristić, born on 27 September 1952 in the place of Donji Lokanj, the municipality of Zvornik, residing in Zvornik at Sime Perića 83, Serb, citizen of BiH, waiter/cook by profession, widower, father of two, currently free, represented by the defense attorney ex officio-Nenad Rubež, lawyer from Zvornik.
- 4. OSTOJIĆ SŁOBODAN, son of Dušan and Dragica nec Bogičević, born on 8 August 1966 in the village of Padžine, the municipality of Zvornik, residing in the place of Padžine bb, the municipality of Zvornik, Serb, citizen of BiH, married, father of two, surveyor by profession, currently free, represented by the defense attorney of his choice-Stojanović Miodrag, lawyer from Zvornik.

For grounded suspicion that:

In the time period from May 1992 until March 1993 in Zvornik, at the time of the armed conflict in BiH, as members of the armed forces of the Army of the Serb Republic of BiH- the Reserve Police Force of the Zvornik Public Security Station, they acted in contravention of the provisions of Article 3 and Article 147 of the IV Geneva Convention Relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War of 12 August 1949, by doing the following:

doing the 1010 wing.
I LAZAREVIĆ SRETEN, as deputy warden at the detention camp located in the building of the Misdemeanor Court and subsequently in the building of DP Novi Izvor, perpetrated, aided and abetted, failed to prevent or punish intentional infliction of severe physical pain and suffering and robbing of unlawfully detained civilians, because:
1. In mid May 1992, in the building of the Misdemeanor Court, he was present when an unidentified person heavily beat the prisoner. With a police baton; he did not prevent it, but went along with such conduct,
2. On 19 May 1992, in the building of the Misdemennor Court, he ordered the prisoners
documents, money and other valuables, which they did and gave him the money to the total amount of DM 5000, for which he did not issue a receipt nor did he ever return their money; thus he unlawfully and arbitrarily took their property as his own,
3. In June 1992 in the building of DP Novi Izvor, having asked the prisoners who of them was from Bratunac, he took the prisoner out of the room in which they were imprisoned and handed him over to a group of unidentified civilians, thus enabling them to severely beat the prisoner in a nearby garage and torture him by setting him in a position where he was hanging vertically with his legs towards the ceiling and his head towards the garage floor, after which they threw him into the trunk of the vehicle they arrived in and drove off in an unknown direction; the has been unaccounted for ever since.
4. In July 1992 in the building of DP Novi Izvor, together with the guards Marković Mile and Ostojić Slobodan, he beat up the prisoners
consciousness,
5. In the summer of 1992 in the building of DP Novi Izvor he was present when a group of guards, Ostojić Slobodan among them, heavily beat up the prisoners and because of an alleged attempt of flight; he did not prevent it, but

6. On an undetermined day, without any reason or cause, he slapped the prisoner hard in the face,

rather went along with such treatment,

7. Over the specified period, on several occasions he permitted unauthorized persons tenter prison premises – groups of Serb soldiers called Gogićevci and others, by unlockin the doors for them or by allowing other guards to do that without being punished, thut enabling that these persons torture and abuse the prisoners and inflict severe physical injuries upon them; so in that way:	
a) On an undetermined day, unidentified soldiers physically abused the prisoners	
foreheads and carved crosses on their	
b) On an undetermined day, unidentified soldiers abused the prisoners sexually by forcing them to put their sexual organs into one other's month, and thus, inter alia, they forced the prisoner to do it to another unidentified prisoner-a Romany by nationality.	
c) On an undetermined day, unidentified soldiers forced the prisoners- the brothers to fight one another as hard as they could, forcing their father-	
Il STANOJEVIĆ DRAGAN, as a guard at the camp which was located in the building of the Misdemeanor Court and subsequently in the building of DP Novi Izvor, he perpetrated and incited intentional infliction of severe physical pain and suffering upon unlawfully detained civilians, because:	
1. He unlocked on more than one occasion the prison premises and thus enabled groups of Serb soldiers to torture and abuse prisoners and he incited them to do so by pointing to them the prisoner saying he was a person who had wounded a Serb; in June 1992 in the building of DP Novi Izvor in the same way he enabled and incited a group of soldiers led by a certain Sasa to beat the prisoner which they did, by pulling him down onto the floor and jumping all over his back, inflicting upon him severe bodily injuries.	
2. On an undetermined day he heavily beat up the prisoner with a police baton, causing him to fall unconscious and, beaten up as he was, he threw him into the room with other prisoners with the words "here they come, your Green Berets", due to which injuries remained unconscious for two or three days,	
3. In September 1992, he heavily beat up the prisoner and the prisoner and an old man at the age of 90, because the man had told him that he wanted to perform abbutions in order	

III MARKOVIĆ MILE, as a guard at the camp located in the building of the Misdemeanor Court and subsequently in the building of DP Novi Izvor, he intentionally inflicted severe physical pain and suffering upon unlawfully detained civilians, because:

to carry out the ritual of Muslim prayer.

1. In June 1992 in the building of DP Novi Izvor, together with the guard Ostojić Slobodan and deputy warden Lazarević Sreten, he heavily beat up the prisoners
due to which beating lost consciousness,
2. In September 1992 in the building of DP Novi Izvor, together with a person named Brane, he heavily beat up the prisoner beating him all over his body and forcing him to hold his hands in front of his face in order to prevent the blood from splashing around.
IV OSTOJIĆ SLOBODAN, as a guard at the camp located in the building of the Misdemeanor Court and subsequently in the building of DP Novi Izvor, he intentionally inflicted severe physical pain and suffering upon unlawfully detained civilians, because:
1. In July 1992 in the building of DP Novi Izvor, together with the guard Marković Mile and deputy warden Lazarević Sreten, he heavily beat up the prisoners
due to which beating lost consciousness and when he came around, he forced him to wipe the blood off the floor,
2. In the summer of 1992 in the building of DP Novi Izvor, together with a group of guards whose identity has not been established, in the presence of deputy warden Lazarević Sreten, he heavily beat up for an alleged suspicion that they attempted to escape from the camp

Therefore, during the war in Bosnia and Herzegovina and at the time of the armed conflict between the units of the Army of the Serb Republic of BiH and the Army of RBiH, in violation of the rules of international humanitarian law they took part in inflicting severe physical pain and suffering upon the detained civilians.

Committing thereby:

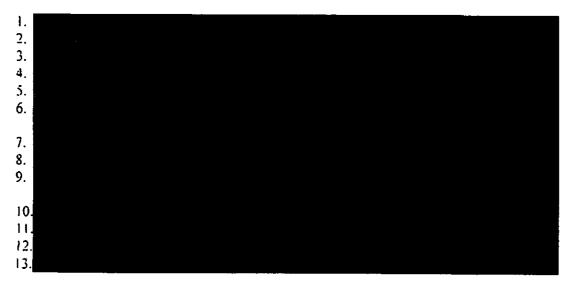
- Lazarević Sreten, in Count 1 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, the criminal offense of War Crimes against Civilians referred to in Article 173 (1) (c) and (f) in conjunction with Articles 29 and 31 of the Criminal Code of Bosnia and Herzegovina in conjunction with Article 180 (2) of the Criminal Code of BiH
- Stanojević Dragan, in Count II 1, 2 and 3, the criminal offense of War Crimes against Civilians referred to in Article 173 (1) (c) in conjunction with Article 30 of the Criminal Code of BiH
- Marković Mile, in Count III I and 2, the criminal offense of War Crimes against Civilians referred to in Article 173 (1) (c) in conjunction with Article 29 of the Criminal Code of BiH

- Ostojić Slobodan, in Count IV - I and 2, the criminal offense of War Crimes against Civilians referred to in Article 173 (1) (c) in conjunction with Article 29 of the Criminal Code of BiH.

Therefore I submit the

PROPOSAL To Present Evidence

1 To hear the following witnesses:



II To examine the following:

- Decision to Proclaim Imminent War Danger of the Presidency of RBiH of 8 April 1992 (Official Gazette of RBiH no. 1/92)
- Decision Proclaiming the State of War of the Presidency of RBiH of 20 June 1992 (Official Gazette of RBiH no. 7/92)
- Correspondence of the Public Security Station of Zvornik no. 12-1-01-1-207-4037/06 of 7 June 2006
- Extract from the ICRC Missing Persons Register for
- Extract from the ICRC Missing Persons Register for
- List of police employees of the Public Security Station of Zvornik working at the prison no. 01328578
- Payroll for the month of July 1992 of the Serb Republic Serb Municipality of Zvornik no. 01328577
- List of prisoners of the Municipal Prison of Zvornik who went to exchange of 10 January 1993
- List of prisoners of the Municipal Prison of Zvornik who were in detention on 21 January 1993

- Official Note drafted by the guards Marković Mile and Petrović Dragan
- List of persons surrendered to the Collection Center of Batković of 12 February 1993
- Medical record of the public health institution Health Care Center Živinice of 17 May 2007 in the name of
- Copy of the Criminal Record of the Public Security Station of Zvornik no. 12-1/02-235-5016/07 of 29 August 2007 for the suspects Lazarević Sreten, Stanojević Dragan, Marković Mile and Ostojić Slobodan.

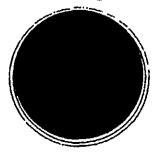
INVESTIGATION RESULTS

Following the Decision of the Court of BiH no. X-KRN 06/243 of 18 August 2006 resolving the conflict of jurisdiction between the Cantonal Court in Tuzla and the Court of BiH, this Prosecutor's Office has opened an investigation against the suspects Lazarević Sreten, Stanojević Dragan, Marković Mile, Petrović Dragan, Ostojić Slobodan and Jović Miloš, on the suspicion that they committed the criminal offense of War Crimes against Civitians referred to in the BiH CC Article 173, accepting thereby certain investigating actions conducted by the Prosecutor's Office of the Tuzla Canton. After the questioning of the suspects and conducting other investigating actions, the investigation was terminated in view of the suspects Petrović Dragan and Jović Miloš, as pursuant to the BiH CPC Article 224 (1) (b) there is insufficient evidence that the suspects committed the criminal offense.

The result of the investigation conducted undoubtedly confirms that the Indictment is well-founded and that the suspects committed the criminal offense of War Crimes against Civilians referred to in the BiH CC Article 173, as follows:

- the suspect Lazarević Sreten, the criminal offense of War Crimes against Civilians referred to in Article 173 (1) (c) and (f) in reference to Articles 29 and 31 of the Criminal Code of Bosnia and Herzegovina in reference to Article 180 (2) of the Criminal Code of BiH
- the suspect Stanojević Dragan, the criminal offense of War Crimes against Civilians referred to in Article 173 (1) (c) in reference to article 30 of the Criminal Code of BiH
- the suspect Marković Mile, the criminal offense of War Crimes against Civilians referred to in Article 173 (1) (c) in reference to Article 29 of the Criminal Code of BiH
- the suspect Ostojić Stobodan, the criminal offense of War Crimes against Civilians referred to in Article 173 (1) (c) in reference to Article 29 of the Criminal Code of BiH.

It can be deduced from the state of facts as established in the investigation and based not only upon objective evidence but also upon testimonies of the witnesses examined, that during the conflict in BiH, the suspects, as members of the armed forces of the Army of the Serb Republic of BiH, acted in contravention of the provisions of Article 3 of the IV Geneva Convention Relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War of 12 August 1949, since they perpetrated, aided and abetted, and the suspect Lazarević Sreten failed to prevent or punish, the intentional infliction of severe physical pain and suffering



upon the civilians detained in the building of the Misdemeanor Court in Zvornik and subsequently in the building of DP Novi Izvor.

It is indisputable from the Decision to Proclaim Imminent War Danger issued by the Presidency of RBiH of 8 April 1992 (Official Gazette of RBiH no. 1/92) and the Decision Proclaiming the State of War issued by the Presidency of RBiH of 20 June 1992 (Official Gazette of RBiH no. 7/92), as well as from the statements of the witnesses examined that in the relevant period there was an armed conflict in the territory of BiH.

That all suspects were members of the Army of the Serb Republic of BiH - the Reserve Force of the Zvornik Public Security Station, ensues from the Correspondence of the Public Security Station of Zvornik no. 12-1-01-1-207-4037/06 of 7 June 2006.

Corroborating that the case at hand concerned unlawfully detained civilians are testimonies of all witnesses, in which they describe when and in which manner they were deprived of freedom and subsequently detained in the building of the Misdemeanor Court in Zvornik or in the building of DP Novi Izvor, without ever being presented with any order on the deprivation of freedom or detention or any proceeding ever being conducted against them.

It is further indisputable that all suspects were aware of their acts and that they wanted to carry out those acts.

First of all, the suspect Lazarević Sreten, as an active police officer, and the other suspects as members of the reserve police force, were fully aware that the civilians in the prison had been unlawfully detained, as none of those civilians had been deprived of freedom on any legal grounds nor was there any proceeding conducted against them, but they were detained exclusively for their ethnic background. They were also aware that any abuse of the prisoners on their part or on the part of any other persons constituted a criminal offense and that in the state of imminent war danger and the state of war such acts or omissions constituted relevant elements of the criminal offense of war crimes.

The suspect Lazarević Sreten admitted in his defense to being a member of the reserve police force in the relevant period and to performing the duty of the guard commander at the prison which was located in the building of the Misdemeanor Court in Zvornik and subsequently in the building of DP Novi Izvor. He knows that coming to the prison were various groups of soldiers - members of paramilitary units who abused the prisoners, but in his defense he said that neither he nor other guards could do anything to prevent it. He further knows that an unidentified person had beaten the prisoner on one occasion, that the were also beaten by unidentified soldiers, as well as several other events, but he fully denies having personally participated in any abuse of the detained civilians, thereby denying having committed the criminal offense he is suspected of.

However, the part of his defense in which he denies having committed the acts he is suspected of has been disputed by the evidence gathered in the investigation, as follows:

- corroborating that he was present when an unidentified person beat up the prisoner without preventing it in any way is the testimony of the witness/injured party whose testimony was corroborated by the witness (Indictment Count I-1);
- corroborating that he unlawfully and arbitrarily took possession of the property of is the testimony of the witness/injured party (Indictment Count I-2);
- corroborating that he handed over the prisoner to the group of unidentified persons who beat him up and took him somewhere unknown, and he has been unaccounted for ever since, are the witnesses while their statements are corroborated by the testimonies of and (Indictment Count 1-3);
- corroborating that together with the suspects Marković Mile and Ostojić Slobodan he
is the testimony of the witness while his testimony is corroborated by the medical record attached (Indictment Count I-4);
- corroborating that he was present but did not do anything to prevent a group of guards from beating up the prisoners are the testimonies of the witnesses (Indictment Count I-5);
- corroborating that without any reason or cause he hit the prisoner that the testimony of this witness (Indictment Count I-6);
- corroborating that on several occasions he permitted unauthorized persons enter the prison and abuse the prisoners are the witnesses and their testimonies are corroborated by the testimonies of
The suspect Stanojević Drugan has exercised his legal right to remain silent. However, the evidence gathered in the investigation corroborates the grounded suspicion that he committed the criminal offense he is charged with in the Indictment, as follows:
- corroborating that on several occasions he unlocked the prison premises and let unauthorized persons enter the prison and abuse the prisoners, whereby he in particular incited them to abuse the prisoner
(Indictment Count II-1)
- corroborating that he beat up the prisoner (Indictment Count II-2)
- corroborating that he beat up the prisoner (Indictment Count II-3).
8

The suspect Marković Mile admitted in his defense that he was a member of the reserve police force in the relevant period and that he performed guard duty in the prison which was located in the building of the Misdemeanor Court in Zvornik and subsequently in the building of DP Novi Izvor. He confirmed that the deputy warden in these prisons was the suspect Lazarević Sreten.

He fully denies having personally participated in any abuse of detained civilians; he said he did not remember the prisoners whereby he denies having committed the criminal offense he is suspected of.

However, the part of his defense in which he denies having committed the acts he is suspected of is disputed by the evidence gathered in the investigation, as follows:

- corroborating that together with the suspects Lazarević Sreten and Ostojić Slobodan he beat up the prisoners and is the testimony of the witness while his testimony is corroborated by the medical record attached (Indictment Count III-1);

- corroborating that together with the person named Brane he beat up the prisoner (Indictment Count III-2).

The suspect Ostojić Slobodan has exercised his right to remain silent. However, the evidence gathered in the investigation confirms the grounded suspicion that he committed the criminal offense he is charged with in the Indictment, as follows:

- corroborating that together with the suspects Lazarević Sreten and	d Marković Mile he
beat up the prisoners	and
is the testimony of the witness	while his testimony
is corroborated by the medical record attached (Indictment Count IV-	
- corroborating that together with a group of guards he beat up	and
are these two witnesses (Indictment Count IV-2).	

Pursuant to the above presented, we are satisfied that there are sufficient reasons for grounded suspicion that the suspects Lazarević Sreten, Stanojević Dragan, Marković Mile and Ostojić Slobodan committed the criminal offenses they are charged with in this Indictment, which is why we propose that the Preliminary Hearing Judge confirm this Indictment in its entirety.

PROPOSAL

TO IMPOSE ON THE SUSPECTS MEASURES - HOUSE ARREST TO GUARANTEE THEIR PRESENCE AT AND THE SUCCESSFUL CONDUCT OF THE PROCEEDINGS PURSUANT TO THE BIH CPC ARTICLE 126

The Prosecutor's Office is satisfied that in the case at hand it is necessary to have the measure of house arrest imposed on each of the suspects: Lazarević Sreten, Stanojević Dragan, Marković Mile and Ostojić Slobodan individually, pursuant to the BiH Criminal Procedure Code Article 126 (1).

This is for the reason that we believe there are circumstances indicating that the suspects might flee, hide or go to an unknown place or abroad.

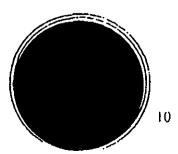
Namely, although all suspects have been dully responding to the summonses of the Prosecutor's Office, the fact is that Lazarević Sreten and Marković Mile deny having committed the criminal offense they are charged with, while the suspects Stanojević Dragan and Ostojić Slobodan use silence in their defense.

In the investigating stage there is still no serious degree of suspicion against the suspects that would motivate them to flee or hide.

However, once the investigation results in filing an indictment against the suspects, there will be grounded suspicion for the belief that the accused committed the criminal offense they are charged with, which is in the case at hand the criminal offense of war crimes, carrying the sentence of imprisonment of at least 10 years to a long-term imprisonment. For this reason we believe that there is justified fear that the suspects, upon finding out that an indictment had been filed against them, might flee or hide in order to avoid prosecution or punishment.

Therefore we believe it is necessary to impose the measure proposed, for the purpose of securing the presence of the accused and the successful conduct of criminal proceedings.

In addition, if the Court were to accept our proposal to impose this measure, we propose that pursuant to the BiH CPC Article 126(2) the suspects be prohibited from contacting the witnesses listed in the Indictment, as well as that they be ordered to report occasionally to the Public Security Station of Zvornik in the intervals defined by the Court.



PROPOSAL

TO HAVE THE JURISDICTION TRANSFERRED TO THE COURT OF TERRITORIAL JURISDICTION PURSUANT TO BIH CPC ARTICLE 27

This Prosecutor's Office is satisfied that in the case at hand there are several important reasons as to why the jurisdiction in this case should be transferred to the court of territorial jurisdiction, as follows:

1. Reasons of cost-effectiveness:

- All suspects reside in the area of the Zvornik municipality, as do their defense attorneys - Most witnesses also reside in the area of the Zvornik municipality, while some of them are from the area of Tuzla or Lukavac. Only two witnesses reside in the area of Sarajevo municipality. Furthermore, some of the witnesses are elderly individuals and ill, which makes it difficult for them to travel to the Court of BiH.

It is therefore obvious that the appearing of the suspects, their defense attorneys and witnesses before the Court of BiH would cause considerable costs.

2. Reasons of effectiveness

::

The fact is that the capacities and the staffing of both the Prosecutor's Office of BiH and the Court of BiH are at the moment insufficient for a speedy and effective prosecution of war crimes cases, in particular bearing in mind on the one hand a huge number of cases in the investigative stage requiring full engagement of the prosecutors, and on the other the obligation of the Court to form a trial panel consisting of 2 international and 1 national judge for each trial upon an indictment for war crimes. Furthermore, all prosecutors of the Special Department for War Crimes of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH have been working intensely towards completing as many war crimes investigations as possible, thus filing new indictments is to be expected, which would further encumber the Court.

On the other hand, courts in the Federation of BiH or in Republika Srpska are not burdened with such a huge number of war crimes cases as is the case with the Court of BiH.

The case at hand is not a complex one, and the acts the suspects are charged with having committed are mostly acts of perpetrating, aiding and abetting, while the consequences of the said criminal offense are milder than those in most cases prosecuted before the Court of Bil4. That is why we are satisfied that the court of territorial jurisdiction would be able to conduct good quality and effective criminal proceedings in the case at hand.

In light of everything presented above, we propose that the Court render a decision to transfer the jurisdiction onto the court of territorial jurisdiction, pursuant to the BiH CPC Article 27.

MATERIAL CORROBORATING THE AVERMENTS IN THE INDICTMENT

- 1. Suspect Questioning Record- Lazarević Sreten of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 15 November 2006 and the Prosecutor's Office of the Tuzla Canton no. KT-586/96 of 3 May 2006 and 18 May 2006
- 2. Suspect Questioning Record- Stanojević Dragan of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 13 April 2007
- 3. Suspect Questioning Record- Marković Mile of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 16 November 2006 and the Prosecutor's Office of the Tuzla Canton no. KT-586/96 of 5 May 2006 and 18 May 2006
- 4. Suspect Questioning Record- Ostojić Slobodan of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 12 April 2007
- 5. Witness Examination Record- of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 16 May 2007 and 7 June 2007 and of the Prosecutor's Office of the Tuzla Canton no. KT-586/96 of 24 January 2006 and 23 March 2006
- 6. Witness Examination Record- of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 1 June 2007
- 7. Witness Examination Record- of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 25 May 2007
- 8. Witness Examination Record- of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 25 May 2007
- 9. Witness Examination Record- of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 25 May 2007
- 10. Witness Examination Record- of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 24 May 2007
- 11. Witness Examination Record- of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 25 May 2007
- 12. Witness Examination Record- of the State Investigation and Protection Agency no. 17-15/3-1-04-2-129/07 of 18 May 2007
- 13. Witness Examination Recording May 2007 of the Prosecutor's Office of Bill no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 24 May 2007

- 14. Witness Examination Record-Residual of the Prosecutor's Office of BiH no. KT-RZ-154/06 of 24 May 2007
- 15. Witness Examination Record- of the Prosecutor's Office of the Tuzla Canton no. KT-2273/05 of 23 January 2006
- 16. Witness Examination Record- of the Prosecutor's Office of the Tuzla Canton no. KT-586/96 of 11 February 2006
- 17. Witness Examination RecordTuzla Canton no. KT-2273/05 of 12 December 2005 and of the Prosecutor's Office of the Tuzla Canton no. KT-586/96 of 24 March 2006
- 18. Decision to Proclaim Imminent War Danger of the Presidency of RBiH of 8 April 1992 (Official Gazette of RBiH no. 1/92)
- 19. Decision Proclaiming the State of War of the Presidency of RBiH of 20 June 1992 (Official Gazette of RBiH no. 7/92)
- 20. Correspondence of the Command of the Serb Army Brigade Birac of 28 May 1992 sent to the Zvornik Territorial Defense Staff
- 21. Correspondence of the Public Security Station of Zvornik no. 12-1-01-1-207-4037/06 of 7 June 2006
- 22. Extract from the ICRC Missing Persons Register for
- 23. Extract from the ICRC Missing Persons Register for
- 24. List of police employees of the Public Security Station of Zvornik working at the prison no. 01328578
- 25. Payroll for the month of July 1992 of the Serb Republic Serb Municipality of Zvornik no. 01328577
- 26. List of prisoners of the Municipal Prison of Zvornik who went to exchange of 10 January 1993
- 27. List of prisoners of the Municipal Prison of Zvornik who are at the prison on 21 January 1993
- 28. List of prisoners who are at the prison on 2 February 1993
- 29. Official Note drafted by the guards Marković Mile and Petrović Dragan
- 30. List of persons surrendered to the Collection Center of Batković of 12 February 1993

- 31. Medical record of the public health care center Health Center Živinice of 17 May 2007 in name of
- 32. BiH Court Decision no. X-KRO-06/243 of 19 January 2007 to Appoint Defense Attorney- lawyer Rubež Nenad, for the Suspect Marković Mile.
- 33. Extracts from the CIPS Database for the suspects Lazarević Sreten, Stanojević Dragan, Marković Mile and Ostojić Slobodan.
- 34. Copy of the Criminal Record for the suspects Lazarević Sreten, Stanojević Dragan, Marković Mile and Ostojić Slobodan.

BiH PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE PROSECUTOR Bozidarka Dodik (seal and signature duly affixed)

Hereby confirm that this document is a true translation of the original country Rosman Serb Croat. Sarajevo, 07.11,2007

Cerufied Court Interpreter for English